

PALESTINE\*

Southern Neighbourhood



### **EU-PALESTINE COOPERATION PRIORITIES**



Governance Reform, Fiscal Consolidation & Policy



Rule of Law, Justice, Citizen Safety & Human Rights



Sustainable Service Delivery



Access to Self-Sufficient Water & Energy Services



Sustainable Economic Development



- Due to the difficult economic situation and restrictions on movement and access to Palestine, trade with the EU is very limited.
- Total trade in goods between the EU and Palestine in 2023 amounted to €425 million.
- In 2023, the EU was Palestine's third largest trading partner behind Israel and Türkiye, representing 7.4% of its total trade. With a 8.9% share, the EU was the third largest exporter to Palestine behind Israel (52.5%) and Türkiye (9.5%). The EU was Palestine's seventh largest export destination (0.7%). The EU's exports to Palestine amounted to €402 million in 2023. The EU's imports from Palestine were worth €23 million in 2023.



## **MOBILITY**

Since 2014,
4 187 Palestinian
students and academic
staff travelled to Europe
and 1 914 European
students and
staff travelled to
Palestine thanks
to the Erasmus+
programme.





### **EU SUPPORT TO PALESTINIANS**

The Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument – Global Europe (NDICI) is the main financial instrument for the EU's international cooperation with partner countries, including Palestine. The European Union is the biggest provider of external assistance to the Palestinians with a bilateral allocation of around €1.36 billion for 2021-2024, of which over €1.03 billion have already been adopted. EU funding aims to support the Palestinian Authority's (PA) recurrent expenditures and provision of social services, to strengthen the water and energy sectors, as well as sustainable economic development programmes, and to provide assistance to the Palestine refugees.

- The EU provides assistance to the Palestine refugees through its contribution to the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA). For 2021 to 2024, the EU contribution to UNRWA's programme budget amounts to €363 million. This funding aims to contribute to maintaining basic living conditions and access to essential services such as health, education and social services, salaries for teachers, doctors and social workers active in refugee camps in Palestine and host countries.
- Since 2021, the EU contribution to PEGASE has amounted to €516.75 million. Through the PEGASE mechanism,
- the EU contributes to the Palestinian Authority's recurrent expenditures (payment of salaries and pensions of civil servants, social allowances for vulnerable families, payment for the medical referrals to the East Jerusalem hospitals and supports the administrative and technical capacity of the PA institutions).
- The EU contributes to sustainable economic **development programmes** in Palestine for an amount of €151.25 million since 2021. The focus is put on job creation, entrepreneurship, and green economy, including digital economy as well as on water and energy. It also supports the strengthening of

the rule of law and includes an annual allocation to the EU East Jerusalem Programme in support to the two-State solution.

- The EU-Palestine Investment Platform was established in December 2020 with the aim of fostering policy dialogue and investment. It serves as a platform to identify, prioritise, coordinate and promote investment opportunities offered by the EU External Investment Plan, together with its European Fund for Sustainable Development.
- In July 2024, the EU has announced €400 million in short term emergency support in grants and loans to the Palestinian Authority to address its most pressing financial needs and support its substantial and credible reform agenda. €382.5 million provided respectively by the European Commission and the European Investment Bank, have been disbursed so far.
- Palestinian civil society organisations (CSOs) are eligible for funding under NDICI thematic programmes supporting CSOs and promoting human rights and democracy. The allocation for Palestine amounts to €15.4 million for the period 2021-2024.
- Finally, Palestine benefits, together with Israel, from the regional programme 'European Peacebuilding Initiative' (EUPI). The annual EU contribution of €5 million promotes the conditions for a sustainable resolution of the Israel-Palestine conflict through grassroot civil society projects and citizens' positive engagement. EUPI funds are complementary to the funds channelled through the Foreign Policy Instrument (FPI) supporting a negotiated and viable two-State solution and end to the conflict.
- During the period 2014-2020, the EU provided €2.2 billion in grants to support EU-Palestinian cooperation priorities through the European Neighbourhood Instrument.



In light of the protracted humanitarian situation of Palestinians in the Gaza Strip and its rapid deterioration due to the continued intensification of hostilities and Israeli attacks, the Commission has allocated over €290 million in humanitarian aid for Palestinians since the beginning of the war. The EU humanitarian assistance has quadrupled to €103 million in 2023, while an additional €238 million have been allocated for humanitarian aid so far in 2024. This funding supports humanitarian organisations working both in Gaza and the West Bank. As of 11 November, the EU Humanitarian Air Bridge operated by the Commission amounted to 60 flights. Over 3 400 tonnes of cargo supplied by humanitarian partners and EU Member States, as well as EU owned relief items, have been transported by air, land and sea including medicines, medical supplies, shelter, WASH, and educational items.



## **KEY MILESTONES**

#### 1997

Association Agreement on trade and cooperation between the EU and the Palestine Liberation Organisation on behalf of the Palestinian Authority

#### 2008

Launch of the financia mechanism in support of the Palestinian Authority Reform and Development Plan (PEGASE)

#### 2013

Adoption of the EU-Palestine Action Plan, which was prolonged in early 2019 until end 2021

# 2021

Signature of the latest EU-UNRWA Joint Declaration, ensuring continued support to the mandate & essential services provided by UNRWA through predictable, multi-annual financial resources

#### 2022

The validity of the EU Palestine Action Plan was extended to January 2025

Adoption of the European Joint Strategy 2021-24 fo Palestine

#### 2024

Signature of a Letter of Intent between the European Commission and the Palestinian Authority which sets out a strategy for addressing the critical budgetary and fiscal situation of the Palestinian Authority

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