The EU is Bosnia and Herzegovina’s biggest trading partner. The EU Foreign Direct Investment in Bosnia and Herzegovina reached €371 million in 2022. Volume of trade in goods with the EU was almost €15.1 billion in 2022.

Launched in 2020, the Economic and Investment Plan (EIP) for the Western Balkans aims to mobilise up to €30 billion in cooperation with international financial institutions until 2027. Under the EIP for Bosnia and Herzegovina, the EU has already mobilised €3 billion in investments, out of which €934 million in grants. For instance, the investments help:

- construct motorway sections and subsections of Corridor Vc
- renovate and modernise Čapljina pump storage hydropower plant.

The EU pays special attention to youth, education, and innovation. It helps the Western Balkans in implementing Youth Guarantee schemes to support youth employment.

15,300+ participants took part in exchanges between the EU and Bosnia and Herzegovina in the areas of education, training, youth, and sport under ERASMUS+ (2014-2020).

The EU has provided €45 million in support to civil society (2014-2023).

The EU is the largest provider of financial assistance to Bosnia and Herzegovina. The EU is supporting the socio-economic development and reforms in the enlargement region, including in Bosnia and Herzegovina, with financial and technical assistance through the Instrument for Pre-accession Assistance (IPA).

For 2021-2023, the IPA III funding for national programmes amounts to over €256 million for Bosnia and Herzegovina. This includes the dedicated €70 million from the 2023 Energy Support Package immediate measures, the 90% of which have already been disbursed to support vulnerable families and SMEs facing the rising energy prices. The actions are also aimed at supporting policy measures to accelerate the energy transition.

Since 1999, the EU has provided €3.2 billion in loans to Bosnia and Herzegovina through the European Investment Bank.

In 2022

- 74% in exports
- 57% in imports

Source: Eurostat