The EU is Kosovo’s biggest trading partner. The EU Foreign Direct Investment in Kosovo reached €344 million in 2022. Volume of trade in goods with the EU was €2.7 billion in 2022.

Launched in 2020, the Economic and Investment Plan (EIP) for the Western Balkans aims to mobilise up to €30 billion in cooperation with international financial institutions until 2027. Under the EIP for Kosovo, the EU has already mobilised €940 million in investments, out of which €312 million in grants. For instance, the investments help:

- renovate and upgrade Pristina-Merdare highway section
- solar energy as one of the sources for Pristina district heating network.

The EU pays special attention to youth, education, and innovation. It helps the Western Balkans in implementing Youth Guarantee schemes to support youth employment. 5,500+ participants took part in exchanges between the EU and Kosovo in the areas of education, training, youth, and sport under ERASMUS+ (2014-2020). The EU has provided €34 million in support to civil society (2014-2023).

The EU is the largest provider of financial assistance to Kosovo. The EU is supporting the socioeconomic development and reforms in the enlargement region, including in Kosovo, with financial and technical assistance through the Instrument for Pre-accession Assistance (IPA). For 2021-2023, the IPA III funding for national programmes amounts to over €231 million for Kosovo. This includes the dedicated €75 million from the 2023 Energy Support Package immediate measures, 90% of which have already been disbursed to support vulnerable families and SMEs facing the rising energy prices. The actions are also aimed at supporting policy measures to accelerate the energy transition.

Since 1999, the EU has provided €338 million in loans to Kosovo through the European Investment Bank.